

# Decatur Daily Republican.

NO. 29

VOL. VIII.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1879.

## SPRING IS AT HAND

## J. R. RACE & CO.

Having received a large and well selected stock of

## Boys', Youth's and Children's Suits,

At an UNPRECEDENTEDLY LOW PRICE, are prepared to give extra bargains. We have manufactured a Large Line of MEN'S SUITS, and we sell them at prices that DEFY COMPETITION.

## OUR HAT DEPARTMENT IS COMPLETE!

Having just received the Latest Nobby Styles.

## Our Neckwear and Gents' Furnishing Goods Department

Includes all the Latest Novelties. Also

## White and Fancy Shirts

IN ENDLESS VARIETY.

## Our Merchant Tailoring Department!

Continues to be an important factor in our business. We have received a large line of the Latest Styles Suitings, and are prepared to give you a PERFECT FITTING GARMENT at a living price. We are now making

## BUSINESS SUITS AT THE LOW PRICE OF \$25.00 CASSIMERE PANTS FOR 5.00

And last, but not least, we would call the attention of engineers, firemen, brakemen, etc., to our NOBBY OVERSUITS, at the low price of \$1.75.

Examine our stock and prices, and be convinced that we mean what we say.

March 29—d&wtf

J. R. RACE & CO.

E. S. AUNGST & CO.



## UNDERTAKERS

And Deoves in all kinds of

**COFFINS,**  
Metallic Burial Cases  
and Caskets.

Southwest Corner Old Square

DECATUR, ILL.

Residence, No. 18 West William street

June 4—d&wtf

H. MUELLER & CO.,  
DEALERS IN



## Gas Fixtures!

IRON, LEAD AND BRASS PIPES AND FITTINGS, BRASS VALVES AND COCKS,

## PUMPS

RUBBER HOSE, BELTING AND PACKING, ALL KINDS OF MACHINE SUPPLIES, ENGINEERING, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, and ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY REPAIRED, ALSO BLACKSMITHING, PLUMBING, STEAM AND GAS FITTING, ALL WORK WARRANTED

Cor. E. Main and State Streets,

Decatur, Illinois.

Oct. 16, 1878—d&wtf

FREEMAN BROS.

Will open a complete stock of

## BOOTS

## SHOES!

MAY 1st, 1879,

In the building lately occupied by

M. GOLDBURG.

No. 8

MERCHANT

STREET.

April 24—d&wtf

ILLINOIS MIDLAND RAILWAY

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Illinois Midland Railway Company will be held at the office of said company, at Decatur, Illinois

ON THURSDAY, MAY 8, 1879,

at 12 o'clock noon of said day, for the purpose of electing directors, and for the transaction of other business relating to said company.

By order of the Board of Directors.

JAMES C. LAKE, Secretary.

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S. H. HAMNER, J. H. MORSE,  
HAMNER & MORSE PUBLISHERS,  
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

FRIDAY EVENING MAY 2, 1879.

An Allentown, Pa., chap bets \$500 that he can eat a thousand pints of peaches in a thousand hours.

The House yesterday voted on the proposed of the army appropriation bill over the pedigree veto, the vote being 120 to 110 nays—not the requisite two-thirds.

The first railroad company chartered in the state of Illinois was the "Chicago and Vincennes," the charter being approved Jan. 17, 1835. Now there are fifty-one separate railroads in operation in this state.

The \$10 refunding certificates are going off "like hot cakes." They are being taken in lots of \$100, that being the maximum any one person can get, as fast as the Sub-Treasurer can count them out. They will probably all be taken in this miscellaneous way before the expiration of the sixty days during which they will be open to popular subscription.

The State Auditor of Illinois has issued his insurance report, which shows that companies doing business in this state last year insured property valued at \$466,754,403.66. The premiums received by the companies on the risks amounted to \$4,571,710.67. Of this amount \$1,407,559.46 was paid in losses, leaving considerable more than \$3,000,000 for profits and expenses.

Things are getting belligerent at Springfield, too. In the house yesterday Gross of Sangamon called Herrington of Kane a "red-headed liar," and Herrington retorted by calling Gross a scoundrel, etc. What a pity it would be if the dear people were to become convinced that both of these honorable gentlemen had good grounds for their remarks!

A federal appointment seems to have a peculiar educating influence upon some people. Now there is George Seroge, who has recently been appointed U. S. Consul at Hamburg. We never knew that he was a German scholar, but when his colleagues in the legislature presented him a pair of wooden shoes, a few days ago, George replied in an eloquent speech—in Dutch. Was it the appointment that did it, or was it the sight of the wooden shoes? Or can it be possible that George has removed the blue ribbon from his manly breast, and taken to indulging in lager?

EX-GOV. COLESBY.

A special dispatch from Springfield to the Chicago Journal says:

Senator Ostby, who has not been here since the Senatorial election, has been urged by many of his friends to visit Springfield before the adjournment of the Legislature, and renew his acquaintance with the members. It is understood that he will come, and he will be warmly received. He is talked of by his friends as the next candidate for Governor, but it is doubtful if he will run. If he does it will be his third race for the office. He went direct from the Gubernatorial chair to the United States Senate in 1873, and perhaps he may do so again in place of Judge Davis, whose term will expire in 1882.

THE MOULTRIE COUNTY BANK.

We notice from a detailed statement which appears in the Sullivan Progress of the 1st, that Dr. Welch, the assignee of X. B. Trower, late president of the Moultrie County Bank, which "went up" in a sensational manner on April 8th, that the total assets of Mr. Trower, the defaulting banker, foot up the modest little sum of \$6,000.00 less the total liabilities, so far as known, are \$26,274.

In conclusion the Progress says:

The above are the simple facts in the matter as given us by the assignee and Mr. W. W. Packard, former cashier of the bank. This report they have gleaned from the books. There may be other claims proven against the estate, and there also may be other property found. It is thought, and it is named in the assignment, that Mr. Trower owned 80 acres of land in Iowa, several lots in Mattoon, a lot or two in Charlevoix, and one or two in Arcola. If the records show this to be a fact, and no other claims are presented other than what the books show, then the assets will exceed the liabilities. If the examination thus far shows this, it shows that instead of Trower's drawing anything from the bank, the bank is behind him over twenty thousand dollars. This claim is well established, that the creditors of the bank will fare much better than any who suspended a week ago. So far as information has gone, it would seem that there was no earthly reason why Mr. Trower should flee the town at midnight in so dramatic a manner.

If the books of the bank are as they seem, Mr. Trower might have remained in Sullivan and weathered the storm. These might, of course, have been a run upon him, and in fact there had been for a week or two, but nothing more than a suspension need have taken place. With a little assistance he could have pulled through.

An elegant line of Spring Ornaments at

H. Miller's

For choice New York Bookweaver Floor

CLOTHESLINE.

Decatur, Illinois.

Ergyng styles Ladies

Footwear.

Singer's Patent Ladies' Shoe Store.

March 8—1879.

## SUDDEN DEATH!

MACON, ILL., April 28, 1879.

**EDDITS REPUBLICAN**—The elections for mayor and city aldermen passed off quietly yesterday, resulting in an overwhelming defeat of the anti-license prohibition party. All the powers of the pulpit, the temperance club, and the overshadowing influence of the temperance dramatic club, have been used for the past month, besides regular semi-monthly meetings of the Alliance, to defeat the liberal movement—but all in vain. The voice of the people is the voice of God, and was never more powerfully demonstrated than on yesterday. The people, like a great tidal wave, struck against the rope of sand that has been encircling the town for the past five years, and completely demolished it.

Political temperance is a failure, and must forever be branded as fanaticism. The stronghold of the temperance cause lies in the hearts of the people and their willingness to work for the redemption of our fallen brothers other ways than at the ballot-box. Arbitrary principles of class legislation, derived by local option, have ever been, and ever will be, the curse of every town and city in the state, so far as advancing the true and undivided interests of the people on the temperance cause. Personal and general liberty has been as far below par here for the past few years as were the rights of the old colonists under the tyranny of the mother country, which led such men as James Otis, of Boston, to exclaim in a public speech on the political rights of the colonists, "That arbitrary principles like these cost one king of England his life, another his crown, and a third his most glorious colonies—principles that must not and cannot be extorted from the American colonies."

The reign of terror has been equally great here for five years, and has resulted in an onerous city tax, unequally and illegally divided improvements, trade driven from our city, citizens who did not favor the movement threatened with starvation because they did not participate in the interests of rings, cliques and clans. It is a proud day for Macon. Organizing for the first time under the general law of the state, after having consigned the old charter to the flames, now we may confidently look forward to a return of peace and prosperity as substantial in its effects as that of the general government in having returned to the resumption of specific payments.

The condition of the Salt river craft this morning, under the command of Capt. Steven Lewis, is one that is calculated to call forth universal sympathy. At an informal meeting this morning it has been decided that they are not "able to sail," and probably never will be.

Now that the ring is broken up people breathe freer, and the moral and personal interests of the people are greatly improved. Woman's Kingdom of usefulness has been greatly enlarged and their eyes opened to the magnitude of the work that lies before them.—Preachers that denounce everybody can now see that their judgment seat has been removed, and that God rather than man is the judge of the world. Moral and benevolent societies can now go to work and clean up the filth that has so long been a stagnant pool, disseminating its poison until every avenue of society and life has been contaminated. Undertakers can now bury the dead carcasses of the defunct political-reform organization, and it is to be truly hoped that this generation will not be again infested by their political presence.—The new board will now go to work with a true spirit of reform and build up our heretofore broken-down resources, and make Macon appear what it once was—one of the most beautiful, most business-like and desirable towns in the state. We wish the new board great success, for upon it depends our perpetuity as a political organization.

Yours, QUILP, SEN.

GEN. B. F. Butler offers to give twenty thousand acres of good farming lands in Wisconsin to colored refugees, if they will go and live on them, and Colonel Bush Ingerson offers to devote the proceeds of his new lecture, "The Problem of the Exodus," to paying the way of colored people who desire to settle on Butler's Wisconsin lands. General Butler claims that the negroes will prosper as well in Wisconsin as in Kansas, and cites the prosperity of slaves who escape to Canada as proof.

Mr. Lovell, of Kane—I am emphatically not for Grant. I don't think the Republican party should elect a military man again.

Mr. James, of Lake (the Speaker)—I don't see there is anything to be done but nominate General Grant.

DEMOCRATS.

Mr. Snyder, of Cass—I am decidedly in favor of Tilden and Hendricks, because I believe that with them we can carry Ohio and New York and New Jersey. It is very plain to me that Thurman is not the man.

Mr. McKinley, of Edgar—I think it is too early to say what is best.

Mr. Rogers, of McLean—Of all the men who have been named for President in 1880, I much prefer Mr. Thurman. He is a Western man, and his financial views are most satisfactory to me.

Mr. English, of Jersey—I am for Tilden and Hendricks straight.

Mr. Fickett, of Coles—I am for Tilden and Hendricks, because I think that is the only ticket with which we can win. My personal preferences are different.

Mr. Trussell, of Lee—I have thought that Mr. Thurman would be a very suitable man. I should like to see Horatio Seymour President. I think he was very badly treated in 1868 by being nominated when there was no choice at all.

Mr. Wentworth, of Cook—I don't know that I have any choice between Thurman, Hendricks and Tilden. We must nominate some man who can carry New York any way.

Mr. Milham, of Adams—I am for the old ticket. It is necessary that we should carry New York and Ohio or Indiana, and we are not sure of doing that with anybody but Tilden and Hendricks.

Senators Lee, of Peoria—I voted for Hendricks at the St. Louis convention and still think I was right. I much prefer a Western man, but think that Tilden is the choice of the party.

Mr. Foobander, of Marshall—I am not really a Tilden man. I don't think he showed the proper degree of courage in 1876 to entitle him to the support of

## GRANT AND TILDEN.

Presidential Preferences of the Legislators.

Correspondence of the Chicago Journal.  
**REPORTER,** ILL., April 30.—Public attention having already been directed to the Presidential election in 1880 in a manner which appears to show that the campaign is likely to begin a year earlier than usual, and that the candidates are to be selected before the platforms are even talked of, your correspondent has taken the pains to ascertain the opinions of the leading members of both houses in the General Assembly touching their personal preferences and their ideas of party expediency.

Rеспublians.

Mr. Churchill, of Edwards—I think our choice for President in 1880 will depend upon the Democratic party, and that they will make it necessary for us to nominate General Grant.

Mr. Pearson, of Madison—I am for Grant or anybody else whose nomination is necessary to insure success in 1880.

Mr. Crooker, of La Salle—I am not for Grant. I think we can do better.

Mr. Gross, of Sangamon—I was a Liberal Republican in 1872, and was not pleased with the methods adopted by the Republican party then and afterward, and I see no reason to think they would be changed if General Grant was elected.

Mr. Scrogg, of Champaign—I am for Grant by all means. We have nobody else who will enforce the laws half as well.

Senator Dement, of Lee—I am for good man, but not Grant. I am opposed to third terms on principle.

Mr. Matthews, of Pike—I am decidedly not for the nomination of General Grant, for I think that if the Democrats nominate any decent man, he can beat him; but I shall support him if he is nominated.

Senator Parkinson, of Madison—I have not fully made up my mind, but I would very much prefer somebody else than Grant. I do not think he should be nominated unless as a matter of expediency.

Mr. Tyler, DeWitt—I have not thought much about it, but with my present feeling Grant is my first choice. Blaine has talked too much.

Mr. Shaw, of Carroll (Speaker of the last House)—I prefer Blaine to Conkling, but will cheerfully support Grant, who appears to be the coming man, though I don't much like the idea of a third term.

Mr. Mitchell, of McLean—Grant is the best as well as the most available man. The Brigadiers in Congress are making it necessary to elect him.

General Thomas, of Cook—Grant is the only man we can think of nominating. No other man will bring us half as much strength.

Mr. Cooke, of Peoria—Blaine is my first choice, but I am in favor of Grant. I think he is the choice of the party at large. He certainly is the choice of the people of my district.

Mr. Holden, of Vermilion—at the present outlook I am for Grant as the best man for the party and the country.

Senator Whiting, of Bureau—I think it is altogether too soon to express an opinion about the Presidential election in 1880. Things are shaping themselves very rapidly in Congress just now.

Mr. McFie, of Randolph—The political situation appears to me exactly like the situation in 1861. The speeches in Congress are the same. I am for Grant as the best man for President in 1880. The new board will now go to work with a true spirit of reform and build up our heretofore broken-down resources, and make Macon appear what it once was—one of the most beautiful, most business-like and desirable towns in the state. We wish the new board great success, for upon it depends our perpetuity as a political organization.

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Mr. Foobander, of Marshall—I am not really a Tilden man. I don't think he showed the proper degree of courage in 1876 to entitle him to the support of

the Democratic party. Of all the men I would prefer Hendricks.

Mr. Durfee, of Macon—I was a Liberal Republican in 1872, and was here as a Democrat. I much prefer Bayard as the Democratic candidate in 1880, but Thulman would suit me, or Palmer.

Senator Jones, of Douglas—Thurman is my choice. Bayard is a good man, but we want a Western man.

Senator McDowell, of White—I much prefer Hendricks at the head of the ticket, but I suppose the old ticket will be nominated again. I wish we could have a Western man.

Senator Kelley, of Adams—Judge Thurman is my choice against anybody in the Democratic party. I am opposed to Tilden.

Senator Cheany, of Saline—I am for the old ticket. I would rather see Mr. Tilden President than any man in America. He has a peculiar talent as an executive officer, which enables him to execute reforms.

Senator Neece, of McDonough—My own choice is for Thurman or Hendricks. If I should choose for expediency, it might be different.

Senator Hauns, of Wayne—Put me down for Tilden and Hendricks. They can carry New York and Indiana, and with sixteen Southern states—they will elect them.

Senator Mayfield, of Logan—I am not for Tilden. If we nominate him we shall be forced into a defensive attitude at the very beginning of the campaign. Besides, I don't like the idea of submitting to the dictation of New York.

Senator Southworth, of Montgomery—I am inclined to favor Tilden, but not fully made up my mind. I think it is too early yet.

TELEGRAPHIC THE VETO

Is Sustained by the House.

GRANT IN CHINA.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—At 1 o'clock the veto message was called up in the House by Mr. Sparks.

Mr. Conger inquired whether any debate was to be allowed, and Mr. Sparks answered in the negative.

Mr. Atkins asked unanimous consent to print some remarks on the message, but his request was met with a score of objections from the Republican side.

Mr. Atkins with much anger said: "I now give notice that there shall be no more printing of speeches while I am a member of the House."

The Speaker then put the question to the House whether the bill should pass, notwithstanding the veto.

On passing the bill over the veto, the vote was ayes 120, noes 110.

So the bill failed for want of a two-thirds vote.

The announcement of the vote was received without manifestation.

The House committee to inquire into the cause of the present depression of labor, of which Representative Hendricks B. Wright is chairman, has arranged to leave for San Francisco on the 15th of July, and take testimony regarding Chinese labor. The committee will, during the summer, visit all the large cities East and West and take testimony.

Dr. Law, of the Brooklyn Board of Health, and Professor in Cornell University, has written to Assistant Secretary French, protesting against the passage of the House bill relating to the contagious diseases of cattle, on the ground that the system proposed is practically useless and very expensive.

Mr. Pratt, of Chicago. Dr. Pratt is

## CITY DEPARTMENT.

"ASA WHITCOMB" to-night.  
Buy the Magnolia Ham. [april 28-dwf]  
PHENOMATEAK society to-night.  
A fat dog lying on a front stoop is a good boarding house sign.  
LADIES' hats and novelty goods, latest styles, at Miss A. Miller's.  
PHONE COUSINS Monday night at the tabernacle.

ICE CREAM packed in ice and delivered to any part of the city, by apr30-dwf. E. W. Wood.

LADIES, don't fail to see the new side saddles at J. G. Starr & Son's. [april 21-dwf]

JUMPS into Ben Taylor's hack if you want to go to the depot in a hurry.

The best assortment of canned goods in the city, at Young Bros'. [april 21-dwf]

The pump handle sees a good deal of the ups and downs of life.

C. B. PARZCOR still sells the unrivaled *Muthusuk Pumos*. ddf wtf

Go to Niedermeyer's, on the Mound, for family groceries and canned goods.

Buy your parasols at the Cheap Store. 30-d&wtf

REMEMBER W. C. Armsirog's "Telephone" when you want a tip-top good cigar for five cents.

UNCLE Tom's CABIN matinee for parents and children at the opera house to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The latest style of harness mountings—the Oriental—at J. G. Starr & Son's. May 2-dwf.

A large line of Parasols just opened at the Cheap Store. 190-d&wtf

KERLEN's Queen and all the other favorite brands of cigars, at Martin's. dff

CLEANING up time is here, and now is the accepted time to select your household furnishings goods at Abel & Locke's.

A few day boarders can be accommodated with first-class table board at Martin's.

GENTS, buy your collars and neckwear at I. W. Ehrman's fashionable clothing house, and you will be happy.

CHEAP railroad tickets at Priest's hotel, for Chicago, St. Louis and Cincinnati. apr26-dwf

INSPECT the fine carpet goods daily arriving at Abel & Locke's before purchasing elsewhere.

J. G. STARR & SON have a full line of cheap buggy harness, of their own make. Their prices are extremely low. [m2dftf]

SAVE MONEY by buying Boots and Shoes of Challis Bros., P. O. Block.

May 2-dwf

The nobbiest line of Ladies' Walking Slippers in the city at Challis Bros'. P. O. Block. Prices way down. m2dftf

For a full line of the latest sheet music, music books, instructors, violins, accordions violin and guitar strings and musical merchandise generally, call on J. S. Hand & Co., in postoffice block. 21-dif

For the best sugar-cured hams and the choicest dried beef to be found in the city go to J. IMBODEN & SON'S.

May 2 d2m

Music hath charms to soothe the savage. This is why we occasionally see a cross dog with a brass band around his neck.

Visit the Cheap Store for latest style Collars and Cuffs, the most varied display of any house in the city April 26—661 wtf

EVERYBODY takes the St. Nick bus going to and from the depot—only ten cents for the round trip.

THE HIGHEST market price will be paid for second-hand furniture, stoves, etc. New goods sold at bottom prices. Old Revere House. Ed. Houston, agent.

March 8-d&wtf

THE PICNIC season is waltzing to the front once more. This item will serve as a hint to the small and large children to attend Sabbath school more regularly than heretofore.

STAR IN at Colladay's billiard parlor, on East Main street, and try those elegant new tables just placed in position. They are of the latest design, and the very best manufactured. [May 1-dif]

THE variety of clocks to be seen at our store is unsurpassed in the state. All kinds, sizes, and shapes, as well as all prices. Weight clocks at cost and less. 1-3d CURTIS & EWING.

AN ERROR occurred in our report of the Macon city election, which took place on Monday last. For city treasurer Samuel Johnson (liberal) defeated J. L. Hight instead of W. H. Sowell.

FARIES & OAKES, proprietors of the Decatur Novelty Works, whose business is rapidly increasing, are making another addition to their establishment, on Morgan street.

THE house that is now being erected at Oceana by Dr. Chenoweth is not to be occupied by either of the Drs. Chenoweth of Decatur, who propose to remain here, but by its owner, Dr. Albert Chenoweth, of that village.

A CORRESPONDENT at Macon gives his views of the recent election in that town, and gives them in very vigorous style, too. He talks, of course, from his standpoint; the other side would probably see things quite differently. But then, folks can't all see alike.

The farmer, whose land would be worthless if railways did not provide facilities for transporting its products to distant markets; the miner, whose ores and minerals would be practically useless if cheap carriage was not provided; and the merchant, whose business is based upon the interchange of the products of communities remote from each other, too often forget that the transporter, who vitalizes all their operations, is quite as worthy of remuneration as themselves.

## BISHOP SEYMOUR.

Confirmation Exercises at St. John's Church Last Evening.

Right Rev. George Seymour, the talented bishop of this (the Springfield) diocese, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon from New York, and officiated at the services at St. John's Episcopal Church last evening.

At five o'clock the baptismal service was observed, when six children were born.

At 7:30 o'clock the church was completely filled with the membership of the parish and strangers. Bishop Seymour delivered a very interesting discourse of thirty minutes duration on "The Resurrection of Christ." His remarks engaged the deepest attention of his hearers. The bishop has a splendid delivery, speaking without notes, and confines himself closely to the subject under consideration.

After the services the rite of confirmation was administered to seven adults.

While in the city Bishop Seymour was the honored guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Ogleby. He departs for Lincoln to-day, where he will officiate in a ministerial capacity to-night.

**CAPTURE OF THE MT. PUŁASKI BANK ROBBERS.**—The St. Louis ladies of to-day contain thrilling accounts of the capture of two men who answer to the names of James Oliver and Jack Woods, at a saloon in that city last night, who cracked the Mt. Pułaski bank on the night of April 23rd. The account in the *Globe-Democrat* concludes:

Both Woods and Oliver are identified beyond all doubt as two of the masked men who entered Cashier Sawyer's house and compelled him to open the bank. Besides this, the watch taken from the cashier was found in Jack Wood's possession, and several packages of dimes and half dimes done up in the very papers in which they were originally wrapped at the bank, were found upon both Woods and Oliver. At the time of their arrest they each had a .30-caliber revolver in their possession, besides a pocketful of cartridges. That they are professional bank robbers is certain, though their connections and pedigree have not yet been ascertained.

The prisoners will be taken to Mt. Pułaski as soon as a requisition from Gov. Culom can be obtained.

**SENT TO JAIL.**—The case of the city of Decatur vs. May Howard, Ida May and Chas. C. Davis, charged with keeping and being inmates of a house of ill-fame, which had been on trial before Justice Curtis for three full days, came to an end last evening. The prosecution was conducted by State's Attorney Buckingham, and Lee & Walker and John B. Bunn appeared for the defendants. At the conclusion of the arguments of counsel the Justice remarked that he thought the evidence was convincing, and he accordingly entered a fine of \$25 and costs against each of the prisoners. In default of payment the trio were escorted to the city calaboose by the officers, who are now incarcerated. Mr. Lee informs our reporter that on to-morrow evening he will make an attempt to secure the release of the prisoners by means of a writ of habeas corpus.

**THE TESTIMONIAL BALL.**—About thirty couples of Decatur's society people assembled at Brennenman's Hall last night, and participated in a complimentary soiree given in honor of R. B. Leonard, the well-known professor of music and dancing. Twenty numbers were danced to music furnished by Prof. Goodman's orchestra, and from beginning to end the affair was a brilliant success, financially and socially. Owing to other attractions many who had intended to be present were prevented from attending. The affair was a high compliment to the professor—one which he may well feel proud of.

**THE REFORM CLUB MEETING.**—There was an unusually good attendance at the regular weekly meeting of the Reform Club in the lecture room at the tabernacle last night. Interesting addresses were delivered by Rev. N. S. Haynes, W. E. Bingham, J. Q. A. Odor, and others. J. W. Hartley tendered his resignation as secretary of the club. Announcements of exercises at the tabernacle to-morrow night, and the meeting adjourned in the best of feeling.

ACCORDING to a column account of the dramatic and concert entertainments given by Miss Rebecca J. Sterrett, of this city, at Shumway's Hall at Taylorville, on Friday evening last, which appears in the *Journal* of that place, it was a shining success in every respect. The following is an extract from the article in question:

In the rendering of "A Legend of Bregenz," Miss Sterrett displayed a voice of great strength and sweetness, as well as a thorough comprehension of the piece, ascending from bursts of most eloquent pathos to the soft and gentle cadences descriptive of silent sorrow and gloomy despair, and again swelling her tones so as to thrill her audience as with electricity, while her every look and gesture spoke the inspiration of the author. May 2-dif

**Special Notice.**—Calcimining, white washing, repairing plastering and cisterns promptly attended to by J. H. Burrows.

Leave orders at J. M. Stokey & Co.'s bookstore. Charges reasonable. March 19-dif

P. T. Locke is at his old tricks again blocking up the sidewalk with his boxes of whistles. Somebody said he had left town or quit the music business, but it turns out to be all a delusion. He is traveling for Kimball's Palace of Music, Chicago, and has his office in the American Express Co.'s building. He has sold ten instruments this month. If folks will buy organs and pianos, they might as well purchase of Locke as any, as he has on hand some beautiful styles of pianos and organs, especially the organ with the chime of bells and book closet.

He sold one of these yesterday to Miss Flora Bartholomew. Call and see him. May 2-dif

**"The Old Arm Chair."**—Call and see it at ASHBY & ANDREWS.

Parasols and Sun Umbrellas, ranging from 10 cts. up to the finest grade of silk, at the Cheap Store. [april 26-d6t-wtf]

Ice Cream, soda water and lemonade at Wood's, 22 Merchant street. apr30-d2w-wtf

**Ferris' New Stock of Spring Goods**

suits everybody in style, quality and price. April 30-d2wtf

## THE LINSEED OIL MILL.

Knocked Down to Hatfield, Taylor & Co. for \$10,275—Who Were There.

The well-known linseed oil mill, on East Main street, lately owned by W. & B. Sawyer, deceased, was sold at public auction on the premises on yesterday afternoon. The property was sold jointly by the administrator of William Sawyer's estate, Benjamin O. McReynolds, and Albert Barnes and William Sawyer, Jr., executors of the last will and testament of Benjamin Sawyer. John W. Hartley was the auctioneer.

The sale commenced at 3 p.m., and the first bid was \$6,000, by J. W. Race. Then bids as follows: \$6,000 by Hatfield & Taylor; \$8,000 by J. F. Roach; \$9,000 by James Millikin. The bids came in slowly after \$10,000 was called by the auctioneer—Race, Roach, and Hatfield & Taylor being the parties who kept nodding to Hartley. Roach bid \$10,250, and then there was a long wait; Hatfield & Taylor made it \$10,260, and J. W. Race followed by making it \$10,275, and the mill, fixtures and grounds were knocked down to him at a quarter past four o'clock.

Mr. Race's bid was made by the auctioneer—Race, Roach, and Hatfield & Taylor being the parties who kept nodding to Hartley. Roach bid \$10,250, and then there was a long wait; Hatfield & Taylor made it \$10,260, and J. W. Race followed by making it \$10,275, and the mill, fixtures and grounds were knocked down to him at a quarter past four o'clock.

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# SAVED

TIME, PATIENCE AND MONEY,  
By always taking the Good

# WABASH

ROUTE,  
FOR ALL POINTS

NORTH, EAST, SOUTH OR WEST,  
LIGHTNING TRAINS.

Invariably on Time, with Close and Sure  
Connections.

No charge of Cars to St. Louis, Hannibal,  
Dallas, Kankakee, Peoria, Burlington, Kan-  
sas City, Atchison and St. Joe, and  
only one change to all points in  
Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado,  
Arkansas and Texas.

**FORMING THE  
SHORTEST AND QUICKEST**

**ONLY DIRECT ROUTE**

From the West to all points in the East, in-  
cluding New York, Boston, Philadelphia,  
Baltimore and Washington.

Through Sleepers from St. Louis to Boston

1223 MILES,

The Longest Sleeping Car Line in

the World.

Departure of Trains at Decatur Station:

Main Line.

GOING WEST.

No. 1 Through Express..... 6:30 a. m.

" 8 Fast Line..... 4:15 a. m.

" 8 Fast Mail..... 2:30 p. m.

GOING EAST.

No. 2 Light Express..... 10:30 p. m.

4 Atlantic Express..... 11:45 a. m.

6 Atlantic Express..... 6:30 p. m.

88 The following Freight trains will carry  
passengers with tickets:

Going East..... 8:45 a. m.

Going West..... 1:15 p. m.

St. Louis Division.

DEPART.

No. 41 Through Express..... 3:20 p. m.

" 42 Fast Line..... 4:25 p. m.

43 Fast Mail..... 4:40 p. m.

Freight..... 7:45 p. m.

ARRIVE.

No. 4 Lightning Express..... 10:30 p. m.

44 Atlantic Express..... 11:30 a. m.

45 Accommodation..... 9:45 p. m.

A. L. HOPKINS, R. ANDREWS,

General Manager, General Sup't.

H. C. TOWNSHEND, General Passenger and Ticket  
Agent, Toledo.

K. HARWOOD, Agent, Decatur.

Thruout Time by the

**I.B. & W.  
ROUTE.**

EASTWARD.

STATIONS. No. 2. No. 4. No. 6.

L. B. & W. R. R. 2:00 p. m.

Leave Decatur..... 4:20 p. m.

Ly. Monticello..... 6:10 a. m.

Ly. Champaign..... 6:15 a. m.

Ly. Urbana..... 6:15 a. m.

Ly. Champaign..... 6:15 a. m.

WABASH R. R.

Ly. Decatur..... 11:40 a. m.

Tolono..... 12:20 p. m.

Urbana..... 1:10 p. m.

Monticello..... 1:15 p. m.

Springfield..... 1:45 p. m.

Champaign..... 2:15 p. m.

Urbana..... 2:45 p. m.

Monticello..... 3:15 p. m.

Wabash..... 3:45 p. m.

Montgomery..... 4:15 p. m.

Springfield..... 4:45 p. m.

Urbana..... 5:15 p. m.

Monticello..... 5:45 p. m.

Wabash..... 6:15 p. m.

Montgomery..... 6:45 p. m.

Springfield..... 7:15 p. m.

Urbana..... 7:45 p. m.

Monticello..... 8:15 p. m.

Wabash..... 8:45 p. m.

Montgomery..... 8:55 p. m.

Springfield..... 9:15 p. m.

Urbana..... 9:45 p. m.

Monticello..... 10:15 p. m.

Wabash..... 10:45 p. m.

Montgomery..... 11:15 p. m.

Springfield..... 11:45 p. m.

Urbana..... 12:15 a. m.

Monticello..... 12:45 a. m.

Wabash..... 1:15 a. m.

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